

AUTOMATED BUG NEIGHBORHOOD ANALYSIS FOR IDENTIFYING INCOMPLETE BUG FIXES

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Existing Techniques

- Automated techniques to **detect** Java runtime exceptions (e.g., **null-pointer exceptions**)
 - ESC/Java [Flanagan et al. PLDI 2002]
 - SALSA [Loginov et al. ISSTA 2008]
 - XYLEM [Nanda and Sinha ICSE 2009]
 - XYLEM w/ Stack trace [Sinha et al. ISSTA 2009]

Existing Techniques

- Automated techniques to **detect** Java runtime exceptions (e.g., **null-pointer exceptions**)

Limitations

Techniques don't identify whether and how bugs are fixed

3

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- Automated techniques to **detect** Java runtime exceptions (e.g., **null-pointer exceptions**)

Limitations

Techniques don't identify whether and how bugs are fixed

- Research that has investigated **bug fixes**
 - Evaluating static analysis defect warnings on production software [Ayewah, et al. PASTE 2007]
 - Tracking defect warnings across versions [Spacco, Hovemeyer, and Pugh MSR 2006]

4

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Limitations

Techniques don't identify whether and how bugs are fixed

- Research that has investigated **bug fixes**

Limitations

Techniques don't identify whether attempted bug fixes are complete

5

Incomplete Bug Fixes

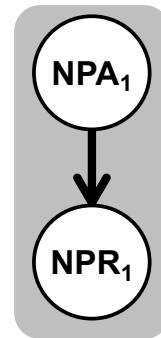
- NPA : Null-Pointer Assignment
- NPR: Null-Pointer deReference

6

Incomplete Bug Fixes

- NPA : Null-Pointer Assignment
- NPR: Null-Pointer deReference

```
foo(int i, j) {  
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    } else {  
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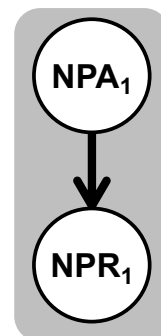


7

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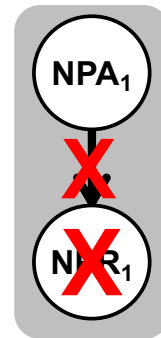


8

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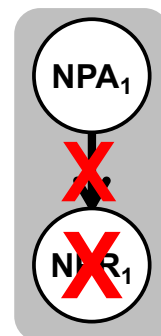


9

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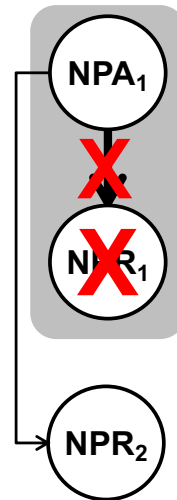


10

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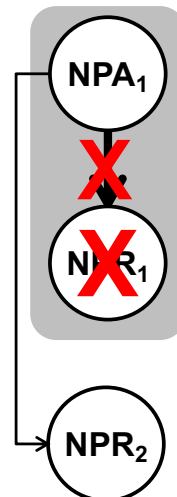


11

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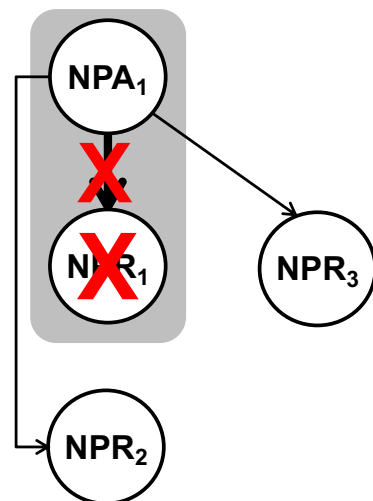


12

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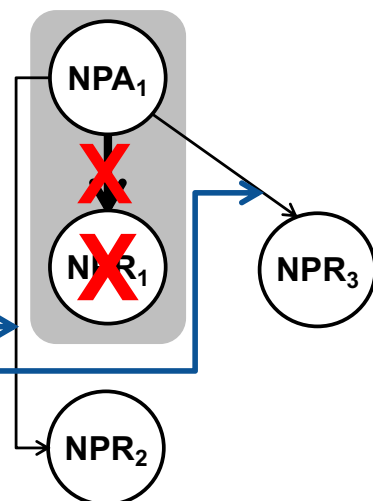
13

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[3]     x.m1(); // NPR1  
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    } else {  
[5]     x  
[6]     x  
    }  
}
```

Potential unfixed pairs related to NPA₁
→ Incomplete fix



14

Our Work

- Bug neighborhood analysis
 - Computes potential unfixed (NPA, NPR) pairs
- Classification of attempted bug fixes as complete or incomplete
- Empirical studies using open-source and commercial software
 - Neighborhood can be large and complex
 - Attempted bug fixes can be incomplete

15

BN Technique Evaluation Conclusion

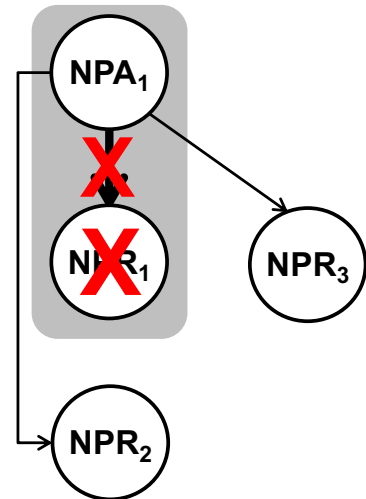
Outline

- Bug Neighborhoods (BN)
- Technique
- Empirical Evaluation
- Conclusion

16

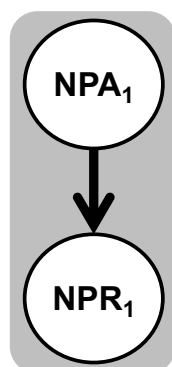
Bug Neighborhood (BN)

- Potential unfixed (NPA, NPR) pairs related to NPA_1 and NPR_1
- BN is induced by 4 types of NPAs and NPRs identified by our approach
 - Maybe NPR
 - Forward NPR
 - Maybe NPA
 - Backward NPA



17

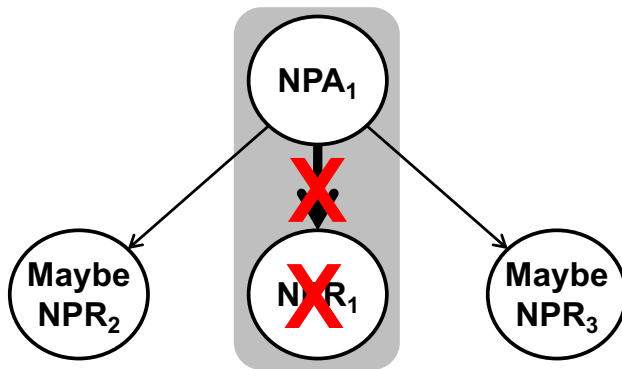
Maybe NPRs



18

Maybe NPRs

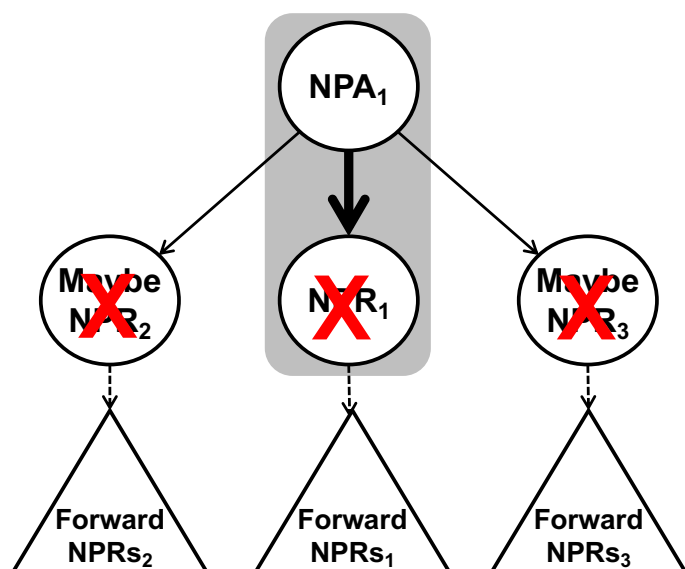
- NPRs that **might** be reached by NPA_1 in **other** executions



19

Forward NPRs

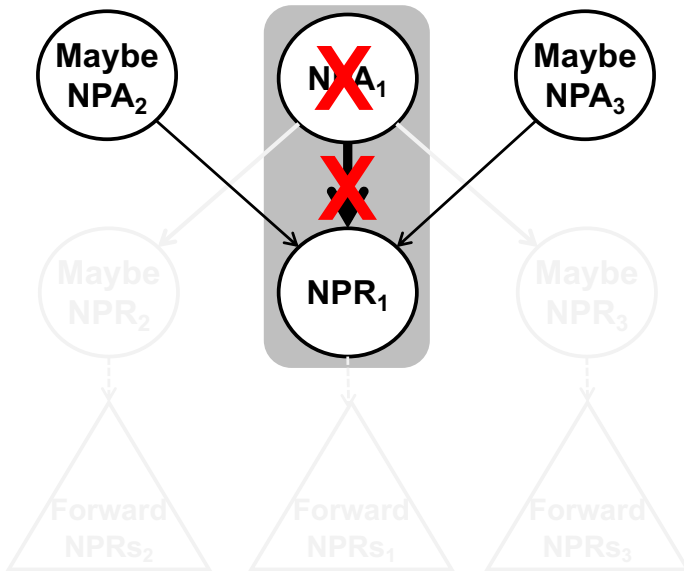
- NPRs that might be reachable from NPA_1 **after** NPR_1 and **Maybe NPRs** are **fixed**



20

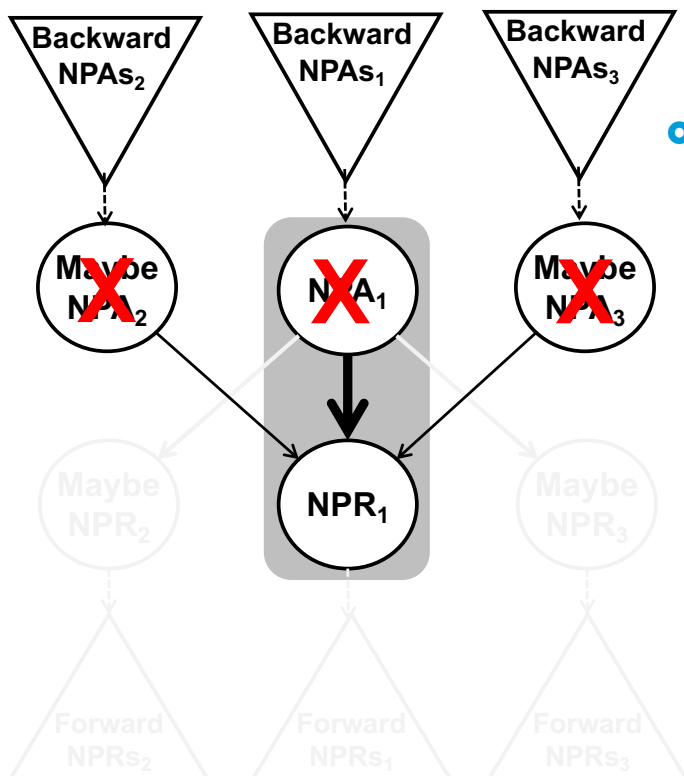
Maybe NPAs

- NPAs that **might** reach NPR_1 in **other** executions

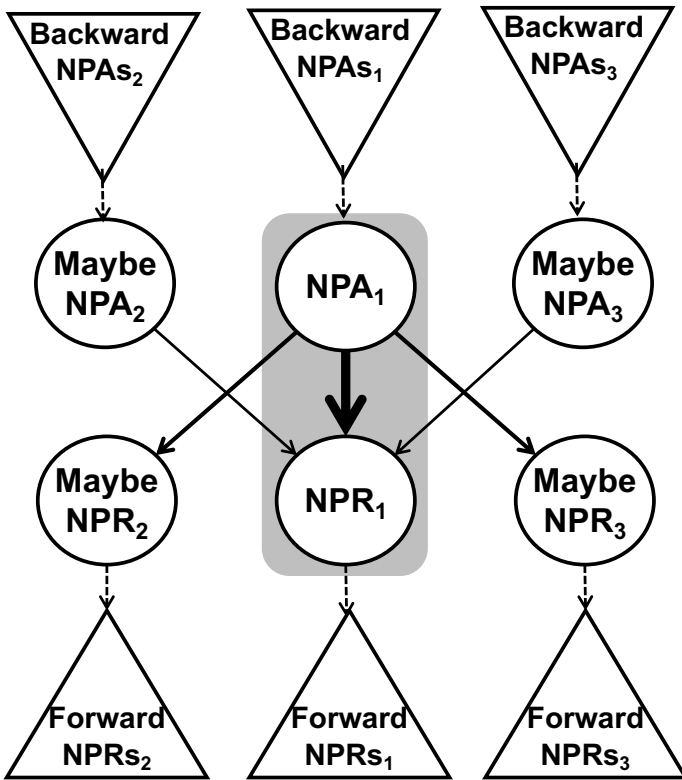


Backward NPAs

- NPAs that might reach NPR_1 **after** NPA_1 and Maybe NPAs are **fixed**



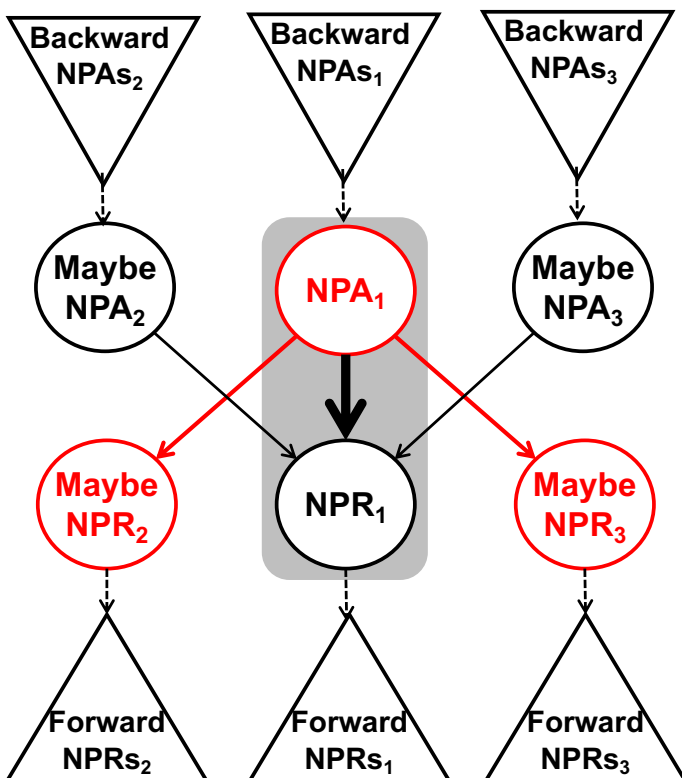
Bug Neighborhood (BN)



BN for (NPA₁, NPR₁)

- (NPA₁, Maybe NPR₂)
- (NPA₁, Maybe NPR₃)
- (Maybe NPA₂, NPR₁)
- (Maybe NPA₃, NPR₁)
- (NPA₁, Forward NPR₁)
- ...
- (NPA₁, Forward NPR_n)
- (Backward NPA₁, NPR₁)
- ...
- (Backward NPA_n, NPR₁)

Bug Neighborhood (BN)



BN for (NPA₁, NPR₁)

- (NPA₁, Maybe NPR₂)**
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- (Maybe NPA₂, NPR₁)
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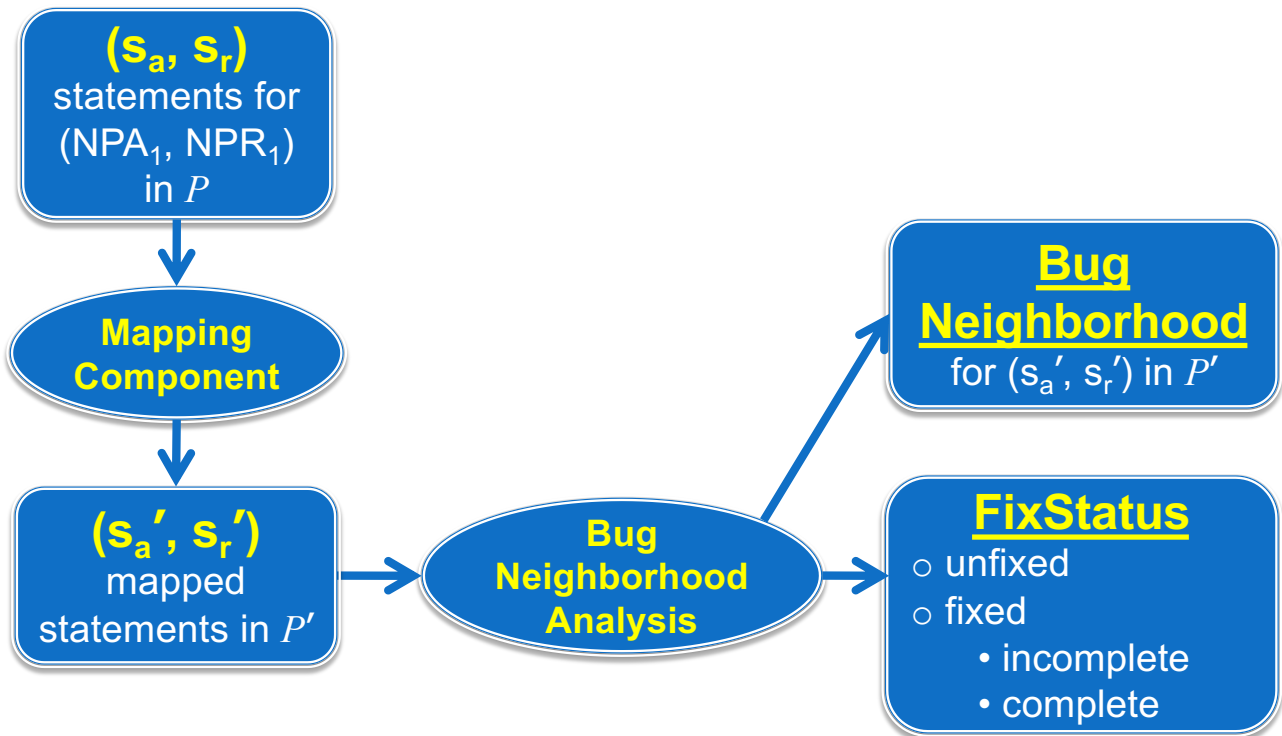
Definitions

- **BN for (NPA_1, NPR_1)** : set of potential unfixed pairs related to (NPA_1, NPR_1)
- **Size of BN for (NPA_1, NPR_1)** : number of pairs in BN

Definitions

- **BN for (NPA_1, NPR_1)** : set of potential unfixed pairs related to (NPA_1, NPR_1)
- **Size of BN for (NPA_1, NPR_1)** : number of pairs in BN
- **Complete fix**: attempted fix (i.e. change from P to P') for (NPA_1, NPR_1) in which the BN for associated pair in P' is empty

Algorithm



27

Example

```

foo( int i, j) {
➡1]   x = null; // NPA1
➡2]   if ( j > 10 ) {

➡3]       x.m1 (); // NPR1
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        } else {
➡5]       x.m3 (); // M-NPR
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        }
    }
}
  
```

Input
 $(S_a, S_r): (1, 3)$

28

Example

```

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Input
(S_a, S_r): (1, 3)

```

foo' ( int i, j ) {
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}

```

(S'_a, S'_r): (1, 3)

29

BugNeighborhoodAnalysis

- Reaching NPAs for 3:
None

```

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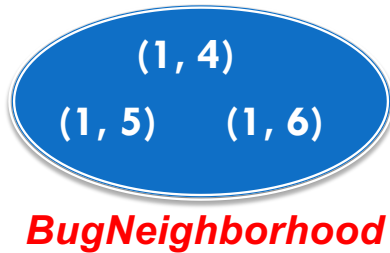
```

(S'_a, S'_r): (1, 3)

30

BugNeighborhoodAnalysis

- Reaching NPAs for 3:
None
- Reachable NPRs for 1:
4, 5, 6



```

foo' ( int i, j) {
[1]   x = null; // NPA1
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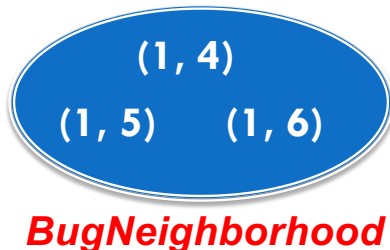
```

$(S'_a, S'_r): (1, 3)$

31

BugNeighborhoodAnalysis

- Reaching NPAs for 3:
None
- Reachable NPRs for 1:
4, 5, 6



- $(1,3) \notin \text{BugNeighborhood}$
∴ *FixStatus* = fixed but,
incomplete

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foo' ( int i, j) {
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$(S'_a, S'_r): (1, 3)$

32

BugNeighborhoodAnalysis

- Reaching NPAs for 3:
None
- Reachable NPRs for 1:
4, 5, 6



BugNeighborhood

- $(1,3) \notin \text{BugNeighborhood}$
 $\therefore \text{FixStatus} = \text{fixed but, incomplete}$

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}
```

$(S_a', S_r'): (1, 3)$

33

Empirical Setup: Tools

- Finding (NPA, NPR) pairs: XYLEM**
[Nanda and Sinha ICSE2009]
- Integrated our analysis into XYLEM
 - Mapping pairs** between P and P'
 - Identifying BN** for a (S_a', S_r') pair in P'
(No Backward NPAs implementation)

34

Empirical Setup: Subjects

| Subject | Classes | Methods | Bytecode Instructions | (NPA, NPR) Pairs |
|---------------|---------|---------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Ant-1.6.0 | 1858 | 17204 | 443254 | 167 |
| Lucene-2.2.0 | 381 | 2815 | 72691 | 86 |
| Tomcat-4.1.27 | 260 | 4077 | 101075 | 97 |
| App-A | 278 | 3933 | 98225 | 63 |
| App-B | 169 | 1876 | 46286 | 119 |
| App-C | 2488 | 13746 | 340896 | 107 |

35

Study 1: BN Categories and Sizes

Goal: To examine characteristics of BNs

Method

For each (NPA, NPR)

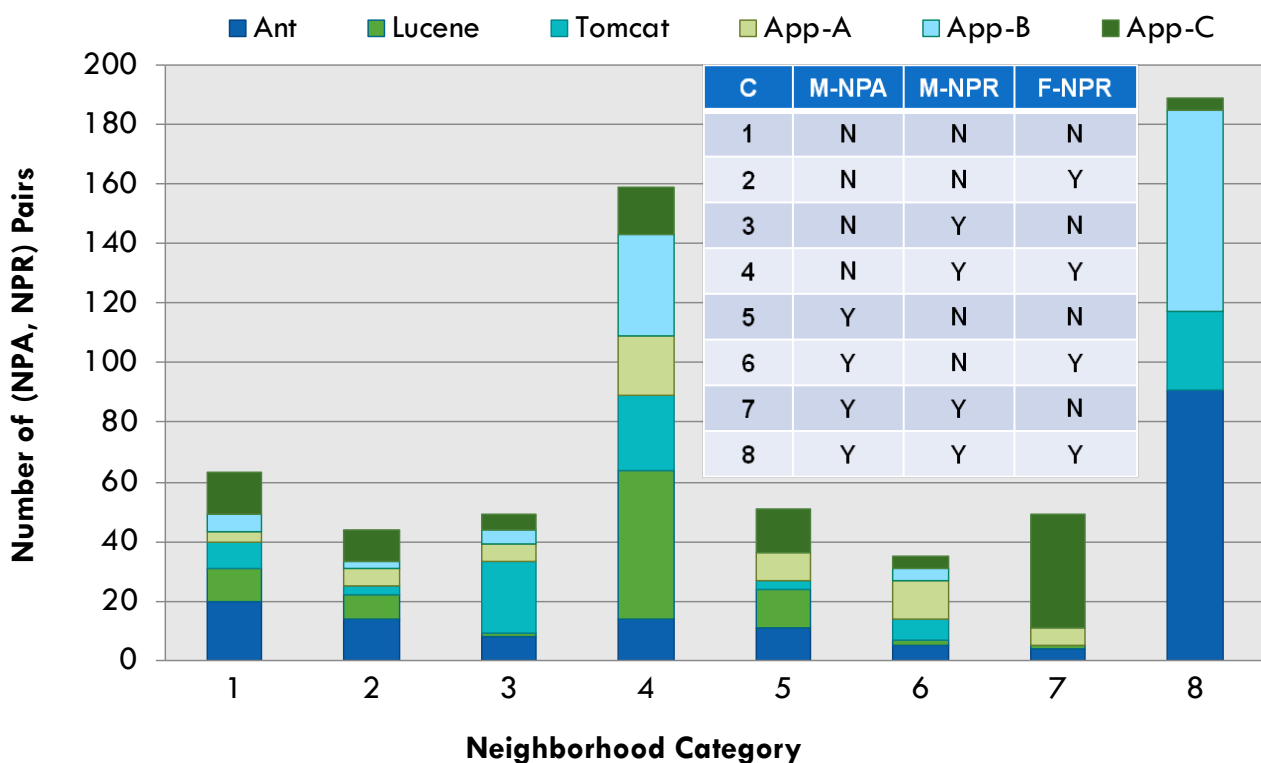
- Compute BN and BN size
- Classify
 - BN in 1 of 8 categories
 - BN size in 1 of 3 categories

36

BN Categories

| Category | Maybe NPA Present | Maybe NPR Present | Forward NPR Present |
|----------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | NO | NO | NO |
| 2 | NO | NO | YES |
| 3 | NO | YES | NO |
| 4 | NO | YES | YES |
| 5 | YES | NO | NO |
| 6 | YES | NO | YES |
| 7 | YES | YES | NO |
| 8 | YES | YES | YES |

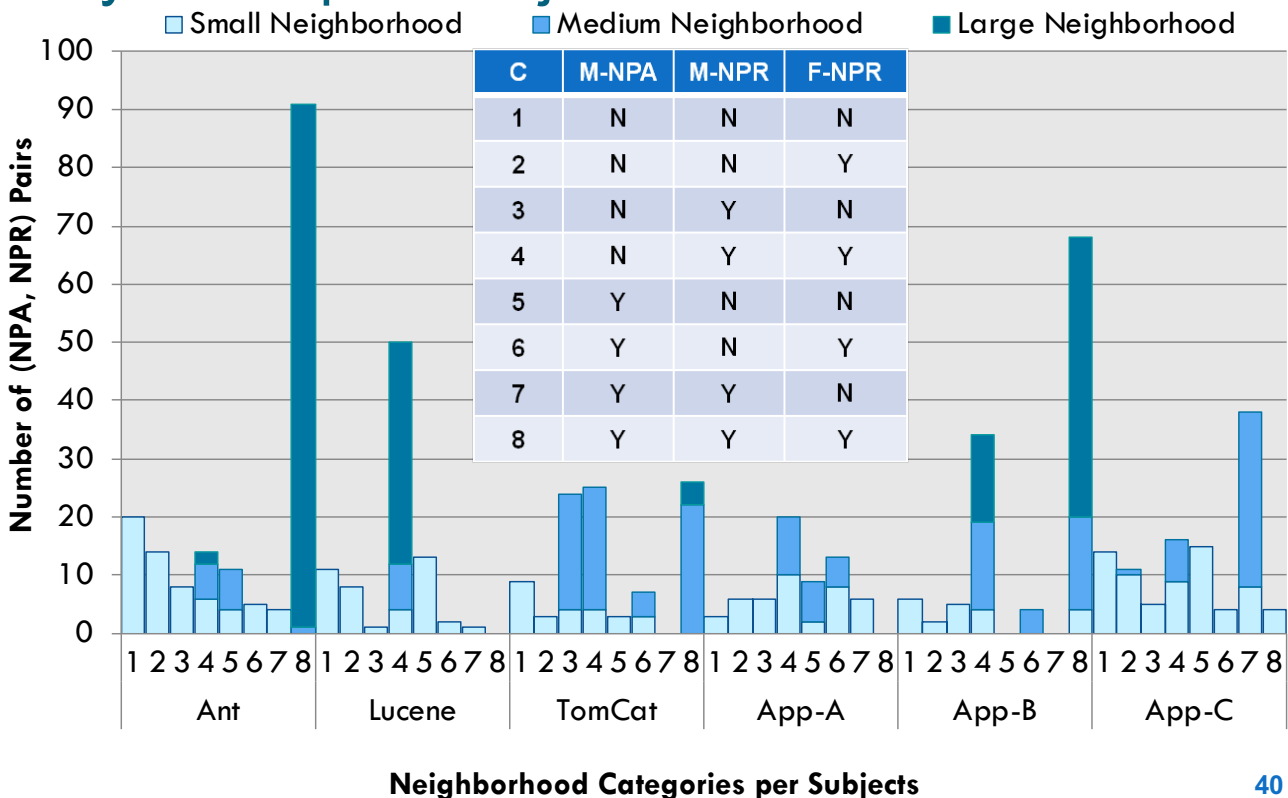
Occurrences of Each BN Category



BN Size Categories

- Small: pairs ≤ 5
- Medium: $5 < \text{pairs} \leq 15$
- Large: pairs > 15

Occurrences of Each BN Category by Sizes per Subject



Study 2: Completeness of Fixes

Goal: To investigate existence and frequency of incomplete fixes

Method

For each (NPA, NPR) in P'

- Verified mapping from P (manually)
- If mapping is accurate, compute BN for (NPA, NPR) pair (manually verified)

41

Completeness of Attempted Bug Fixes

| Subject | # Incomplete Fixes / # Attempted Fixes | BN Categories of Incomplete Fixes | BN Sizes of Incomplete Fixes |
|---------|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Ant | 4 / 26 | C2, C4, C4, C5 | 1 x Small, 3 x Medium |
| Lucene | 3 / 17 | C4, C4, C4 | 1 x Small, 2 x Large |
| Tomcat | 0 / 9 | — | — |
| App-A | 0 / 7 | — | — |

| C | M-NPA | M-MPR | F-NPR |
|---|-------|-------|-------|
| 2 | N | N | Y |
| 4 | N | Y | Y |
| 5 | Y | N | N |

42

Future Work

- Implement Backward NPAs and precise mapping component
- Perform more experiments with more subjects
 - Correlation between incomplete fixes and BN category or size
 - Comparison of results from open-source projects and industrial projects
- Guide developers in addressing an incomplete fix and making it complete

43

Contributions

- New bug neighborhood analysis
 - Determines completeness of attempted bug fixes
- Technique that helps developers prevent incomplete fixes in new revisions
- Empirical studies that show
 - large and complex BNs do occur frequently
 - Attempted bug fixes are incomplete in practice



44